

# **SAP Printing**

## **Customer documentation**

### **Volume 3 : [DC31]**

## **Device-specific information**

for

- Gestetner                      DSc428  
   DSc435  
   DSc445

Version: 1.11

**Abstract:**

This document contains device-specific information about the device hardware and accessories, the configurable features, related limitations, and the commands necessary to configure the settings in the device type.

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## **Contents**

<b>1. GENERAL DEVICE INFORMATION .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2. DEVICE HARDWARE ACCESSORIES .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3. FEATURES &amp; COMMANDS .....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1 INPUT BIN .....	8
3.1.1 Tag: # [PCL.01] INPUT BIN .....	8
3.2 PAPER TYPE .....	9
3.2.1 Tag: # [PJL.04] PAPER TYPE 1/2 .....	9
3.2.2 Tag: # [PCL.12] PAPER TYPE 2/2 .....	9
3.3 DUPLEX MODE .....	9
3.3.1 Tag: # [PJL.17] DUPLEX MODE 1/2 .....	10
3.3.2 Tag: # [PCL.03] DUPLEX MODE 2/2 .....	10
3.4 OUTPUT BIN .....	10
3.4.1 Tag: # [PJL.16] OUTPUT BIN 1/2 .....	11
3.4.2 Tag: # [PCL.02] OUTPUT BIN 2/2 .....	11
3.5 JOB OFFSET .....	11
3.5.1 Tag: # [PJL.13] JOB OFFSET .....	11
3.6 STAPLING .....	11
3.6.1 Tag: # [PJL.02] STAPLING MODE .....	12
3.7 PUNCHING .....	12
3.7.1 Tag: # [PJL.03] PUNCHING MODE .....	13
3.8 RESOLUTION .....	13
3.8.1 Tag: # [PJL.01] RESOLUTION 1/2 .....	14
3.8.2 Tag: # [PCL.14] RESOLUTION 2/2 .....	14
3.9 COPIES .....	14
3.9.1 Tag: # [PJL.15] COPIES 1/2 .....	14
3.9.2 Tag: # [PCL.13] COPIES 2/2 .....	15
3.10 ECONOMODE (TONER SAVER) .....	15
3.10.1 Tag: # [PJL.14] ECONOMODE (TONER SAVER) .....	15
3.11 AUTO TRAY CHANGE/SWITCHING .....	15
3.11.1 Tag: # [PJL.12] AUTOTRAYCHANGE .....	15
3.12 EDGE SMOOTHING/ENHANCEMENT .....	15
3.12.1 Tag: # [PJL.11] SMOOTHING .....	15
3.13 PAGE PROTECTION .....	15
3.13.1 Tag: # [PJL.06] PAGE PROTECTION .....	15
3.14 PAPER SIZE .....	16
3.15 ORIENTATION .....	17
3.16 LEFT MARGIN .....	17
3.17 TOP MARGIN .....	18
3.18 HORIZONTAL SPACING .....	18
3.19 VERTICAL SPACING .....	18
3.20 CHARACTER SET .....	19
3.21 FONT .....	19
3.22 COLOR PRINTING .....	20
3.22.1 Tag: # [PCL.30] COLOR : COLOR MODE .....	20
3.23 SLIP SHEET .....	21
3.23.1 Tag: # [PJL.20] SLIPSHEET .....	21
3.25 EDGE-TO-EDGE MODE .....	22
3.25.1 Tag: # [PJL.07] EDGE-TO-EDGE MODE .....	22
3.26 USERCODE .....	22
3.26.1 Tag: # [PJL.24] USERCODE .....	22
<b>4. LIMITATIONS .....</b>	<b>22</b>
4.1 COMBINATIONS OF FEED DIRECTION, ORIENTATION, DUPLEX, STAPLING, PUNCHING .....	22
4.2 OTHER .....	23
<b>5. (APPENDIX 1): PRINTER LANGUAGES .....</b>	<b>24</b>
5.1 PCL .....	24
5.1.1 PCL macros .....	24

5.2 PJJ .....24

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### **Important notice**

Parts of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.

## 1. General Device Information

This chapter contains general information about the devices.

### SAP device types to use:

- PCL-based **ZA0x**, ver 005+

### Device / Model name:

• [DC31K]	DSc428	
• [DC31a]	DSc435	
• [DC31b]	DSc445	

**Compatibilities/Emulation:** HP PCL 5c

### Firmware (PCL):

**Note:** It is recommended to always use the latest firmware.

### Speed:

[DC31a]: 35 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Monochrome LEF)  
 28 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Color LEF)  
 [DC31b]: 45 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Monochrome LEF)  
 35 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Color LEF)  
 [DC31K]: 28 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Monochrome LEF)  
 24 ppm (A4/LTR simplex Color LEF)

**Printer queue name** lp

## 2. Device Hardware Accessories

This chapter contains information about the standard or optionally available hardware accessories of the devices.

The Description column indicates the name of the unit, its properties, and, where applicable, the supported paper sizes and the sheet capacity. It also contains a list of features which can be configured on the device's front panel, as well as their initial factory defaults.

For more device-specific information, see also the device's corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

### Device Hardware Accessories

Unit		Description
<b>Memory (RAM)</b>	standard	1024 MB
<b>Hard Disk</b>	standard	80 GB (2 x 40GB)
<b>Bypass ("Multi-bypass")</b>	standard	(paper input) Bypass Tray unit - mounted at right-hand side - Capacity = 100 sheets - Paper = see (*)
<b>Standard Paper Trays</b>		Standard input bins
- Tray 1	standard	- Capacity = 500 sheets - Paper = see (*)
- Tray 2	standard	- Capacity = 500 sheets - Paper = see (*)
<b>Paper Bank</b>		(paper input) additional input trays
- Tray 3 <b>OR</b>	optional	• <b>[PS580]</b> - mounted below Tray 2 - Capacity = 500 sheets - Paper = see (*)
- "Tray 3 and 4" <b>OR</b>	optional	• <b>[PS590]</b> - mounted below Tray 2 - Capacity = 2 x 500 sheets - Paper = see (*)

- Tray 3 (LCT)	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[PS600]</b></li> <li>- mounted below Tray 2</li> <li>- Capacity = 2000 sheets</li> <li>- Paper = A4 (LEF); LTR (LEF)</li> </ul>
Duplex unit	standard	(paper path) needed for duplexing - Paper = see (*)
Standard Tray	standard	(paper output) standard output bin (face-down) - This is the output bin "Standard Tray" - Capacity = 500 sheets - Paper = see (*)
External Tray unit	standard	(paper output) (face-up) - This is the output bin "External Tray" - Capacity = 100 sheets - Paper = see (*)
Left Tray 1 and 2	optional	(paper output) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[PT460]</b></li> <li>- mounted on left side of Duplex unit</li> <li>- only when no Finisher is installed</li> <li>- Capacity (# sheets) = <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Left Tray 1: 100 (above Left Tray 2)</li> <li>- Left Tray 2: 250 (the lower tray)</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Paper = see (*)</li> </ul>
Finisher		(paper output) device to perform stapling and/or punching functions - only 1 Finisher can be mounted - Stapling/Punching: not all supported due to physical mechanism restrictions (see below)
- Multi-Tray Finisher	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[SR960]</b></li> <li>- mounted at left-hand side</li> <li>- Duplex unit is needed</li> <li>- Trays: 2 Shift trays</li> <li>- Capacity (# sheets) = <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Finisher Shift Tray 1: 500 (A4/LTR or smaller)</li> <li>- Finisher Shift Tray 2: 1500 (A4/LTR or smaller)</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Staple capacity = <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 50 sheets: A4 - B5/LTR</li> <li>- 30 sheets: A3 - B4/DLT</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Staple positions = 1 staple: 3 positions, 2 staples: 1 position.</li> <li>- Punch kits: US 2/3, EU 2/4, Scandinavian 4</li> </ul>
- Booklet Finisher	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[SR950]</b></li> <li>- mounted at left-hand side</li> <li>- Duplex unit is needed</li> <li>- Trays: 1 Shift tray, 1 "Finisher Booklet Tray"</li> <li>- Capacity (# sheets) = <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Finisher Shift Tray: 1000 (A4/LTR or smaller)</li> <li>- Finisher Booklet Tray: 10 sets of booklets (of 6..10 sheets each)</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Staple capacity = <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 50 sheets: A4 - B5/LTR</li> <li>- 25 sheets: A3 - B4/DLT</li> <li>- 10 sheets: booklet</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Staple positions = 1 staple: 2 positions, 2 staples: 1 position.</li> <li>- Punch kits: US 2/3, EU 2, EU 4, Scandinavian 4</li> <li><b>Note:</b> The booklet finishing option cannot be supported under SAP.</li> </ul>
Punch Kits for Multi-Tray Finisher	optional	(paper output) a piece of electro-mechanical hardware which can be installed into the Finisher. - Number of punched holes can be selected via PjL command. - Only one Punch Kit can be installed.
- US 2/3-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 1045 NA]</b></li> <li>- US 2/3-hole type</li> </ul>
- EU 2/4-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 1045 EU]</b></li> <li>- European 2/4-hole type</li> </ul>
- Scandinavian 4-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 1045 SC]</b></li> <li>- Scandinavian 4-hole type</li> </ul>
Punch Kits for Booklet Finisher	optional	(paper output) a piece of electro-mechanical hardware which can be installed into the Finisher. - Number of punched holes can be selected via PjL command. - Only one Punch Kit can be installed.
- US 2/3-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 2238 US]</b></li> <li>- US 2/3-hole type</li> </ul>

- EU 2-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 2238 EU2]</b></li> <li>- European 2-hole type</li> </ul>
- EU 4-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 2238 EU4]</b></li> <li>- European 4-hole type</li> </ul>
- Scandinavian 4-hole Punch Kit	optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[Punch Kit Type 2238 SC]</b></li> <li>- Scandinavian 4-hole type</li> </ul>

**Note:** (\*) = See the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

**Note:** There is no Mailbox.

#### **Features configurable on the device front panel**

The following table specifies those features that can be configured from the device's front panel, and their initial factory default settings. For those features whose setting is typically unlikely to be changed often, they can be configured once on the device front panel, and thus need no configuration from the SAP system side.

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial (factory) setting</b>
• Resolution	600 dpi Standard
• Symbol set	PC-8
• Paper Tray priority: Printer	Tray 1
• Duplex mode	Off
• Auto Continue	Off
• Output: Printer	Standard Tray
• Sort mode (Job separation)	Off
• Sub Paper Size (*)	Off
• Copies	1
• Letterhead Setting	Off

**Note:** (\*) Paper size override function

## **3. Features & Commands**

This chapter contains one section for each configurable feature.

The features are ordered by importance (how often used) and logical order (in the processing of the job).

- 3.1 - 3.7 = likely to be configured / changed
- 3.8 - 3.13 = unlikely to be changed often
- 3.14 - 3.21 = changing makes no sense or has no effect, or it must or should not be changed
- 3.22 - ... = additional features

Each section contains the following information about the feature:

1. Description of the **Feature**
2. Table of all possible **Settings** for this feature, and the **Values** necessary to specify in the **Command(s)**.  
An (\*) indicates that the interpretation of a value is subject to some restriction.
3. Dependencies/Constraints, other remarks
4. (for each Printer language and each related Command):
  - a. Tag (this is used to clearly mark where the Command is located in the device type)
  - b. Command syntax (see Appendix 1 below for general information on the printer language)
  - c. Initial command (as an example, and as it is shipped in the device type)

The entire initial command sequence of a particular device type is listed in the corresponding Volume 2.

#### **Note: (Print controls)**

For some of those features that can be specified per page, paragraph, or character, Print controls are defined. Where applicable, these are also listed in the Settings/Values table of the feature.

#### **General remarks:**

- The order in which the commands appear in the device type, and in which they are sent to the printer, is roughly the same as the one generated by our Windows drivers. To make sure the controller doesn't get problems, this order should be maintained. Please also note that some commands are sent automatically by the SAPscript driver, on which we cannot take any influence.
- Be aware that some settings may require modifications in more than 1 place !

#### **SAP-specific syntax issues:**

- A " #" at the beginning of a line is the SAP comment symbol. It means that the line will not be sent to the printer.
- Non-printable characters have to be entered as SAP escape characters.

#### **Notation conventions:**

- All commands are printed in fixed-spaced Courier font.
- The "^^^" indicates a place-holder for a value that has to be looked up from the Settings/Values table.
- <...> indicates a place-holder.
- A "##" in front of a line is to indicate that it should never be uncommented.
- [...] indicates optional text that can be omitted.

### 3.1 Input Bin

#### Description:

Specify the input bin from where to take the paper.

#### Settings/Values:

^^^ [PCL.01]	Print control	Interpretation	Capacity (# sheets)
0	TRYST	Print out current page from currently active input bin (remains unchanged)	--
7	--	Auto Tray Select	--
2	TRYMN	Bypass (for sheet paper)	100
3	TRYME	Bypass (for envelopes)	10
8	TRY01	Tray 1	500
1	TRY02	Tray 2	500
4	TRY03	Tray 3 -- if [PS580]	500
4	TRY03	Tray 3 -- if [PS590]	500
30	TRY04	Tray 4 -- if [PS590]	500
5	TRY05	Tray 3 (LCT) -- if [PS600]	2000

#### Dependencies/Constraints:

- Tray 3 (LCT) needs [PS600] Tray unit
- Tray 3 needs [PS580] or [PS590] Paper Bank unit
- Tray 4 needs [PS590] Paper Bank unit
- Bypass Tray => no Duplex, no Stapling, no Punching, no Collation
- For the paper sizes supported by a particular bin, please see the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.
- Custom paper size only from Bypass
- Tray 3 (LCT) supports only A4 (LEF) or LTR (LEF)
- The input bin "Bypass" with paper type "Thick", "Thick Duplex Back" or "Transparency", always causes the output to be ejected in the "External tray" and will therefore produce it face-up. (Please refer to section 3.4). With the other paper types, output from "Bypass" is ejected in the "Standard Tray".

#### Note: (Using the HPL2 ABAP list driver)

When using the HPL2 ABAP list driver, the PCL command for this setting will not become effective. You need to use the SAP mechanism to specify the Input Bin.

#### Note: (The SAP mechanism to specify the Input Bin)

##### • For ABAP & SmartForms:

Under SAP this setting can also be specified in the definition of the Output device.

The "Output attributes for list drivers" tab has a setting named "Paper tray".

The selectable values "Tray 1" | ... | "Tray 10" | "Single sheet" | "Envelopes" | "ManualEnvelope", correspond to the Print controls TRY01 | ... | TRY10 | TRYMN | TRYEN | TRYME.

This setting is only used by the HPL2 ABAP list driver.

If the standard ABAP list driver is used, the setting has to be specified in the command at [PCL.01] in the "Printer initialization" action in the Device type.

##### • For SAPscript:

The TRYxx print control to be used for a particular page can be specified in the definition of the Form used by the document, under "Page layout" -> <page> -> [Attributes] -> "Print attributes" -> "Resource name".

#### Note: (Forcing a particular Input bin for SAPscript)

As explained above, the desired input bin for SAPscript can be specified in the "Resource name" field of the definition of the SAPscript FORM. If it is not desired to assign a fixed input bin to a SAPscript FORM, then this field should be left empty, and the desired input bin should rather be specified in the "Printer initialization" action of the Device type, at tag [PCL.01]. This is, however, only possible if the SAPscript FORM does not specify an input bin yet. If the SAPscript FORM does already specify an input bin that is undesired, and if it cannot be changed, please contact Technical support for how to override it.

#### Note:

This command can NOT be used to specify the input bin for transparencies in connection with the slip sheet function. Instead, it needs to be commented out, and the PJL commands DOCBODYTRAY [PJL.20c] and possibly TRAY [PJL.20d] have to be used.

#### Note:

The Cover Interposer is not a proper input bin and currently only supported as a slip sheet tray. Please refer to section 3.23.

#### 3.1.1 Tag: # [PCL.01] INPUT BIN

#### Command syntax:

- \e&l^^^H

#### Initial / Example:

- #\e&l7H



## 3.2 Paper Type

### Description:

Paper type (Media type) should be configured for two reasons:

1. Different paper quality and thickness may require a different fusing temperature. This is called **Fuser control**.
2. The device keeps track of which paper type is contained in each input bin. When a certain paper type is specified in the print job, the controller can automatically select an appropriate input bin containing the requested paper type and paper size.

Both features can be configured through either the PCL command (preferred) or the PJI MEDIATYPE command.

### Settings/Values:

^^^ [PJI.04a/b]	^^^ [PCL.12]	Print control	Interpretation
PLAIN	6WdPlain	ZTPLN	Plain / Normal paper
PLAINORRECYCLED	--	--	Plain / Normal paper or recycled paper
TRANSPARENCY	13WdTransparency	ZTTRS	Transparency/OHP sheet
SPECIAL	8WdSpecial	ZTSPC	Special paper
THICK	6WdThick	ZTTHK	Thick paper
RECYCLED	9WdRecycled	ZTRCY	Recycled paper
COLOR	6WdColor	ZTCLR	Colored paper
LETTERHEAD	11WdLetterhead	ZTLTH	Letterhead paper
PREPRINTED	11WdPreprinted	ZTPRN	Preprinted paper
LABELS	7WdLabels	ZTLBL	Labels
PLAINDUPLEXBACKSIDE	20WdPlainduplexbackside	ZTPXB	Plain (Duplex Backside)
THICKDUPLEXBACKSIDE	20WdThickduplexbackside	ZTTXB	Thick (Duplex Backside)

### Dependencies/Constraints:

- Only the Bypass tray supports these paper types: "Transparency/OHP", "Thick paper", "Labels", "Plain (Duplex Backside)" and "Thick (Duplex Backside)".
- For the paper types supported by a particular bin, please see the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

### 3.2.1 Tag: # [PJI.04] PAPER TYPE 1/2

#### Command syntax:

- @PJI SET FUSERCONTROL = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJI.04a] -- This command is NOT supported by this device.
- @PJI SET MEDIATYPE = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJI.04b]

#### Initial / Example:

- #@PJI SET FUSERCONTROL = PLAINPAPER \r\n
- #@PJI SET MEDIATYPE = PLAIN \r\n

### 3.2.2 Tag: # [PCL.12] PAPER TYPE 2/2

#### Command syntax:

- \e&n^^^

**Note:** The value ^^^ has the following structure: "<decimal length of keyword> W <keyword>"; the <keyword> starts with a "d".

#### Initial / Example:

- #\e&n6WdPlain

## 3.3 Duplex Mode

### Description:

Duplex means printing on both sides of a sheet of paper.

Depending on the **Binding edge** (the edge of the page that would be used for binding the document), there are 2 different orientations of the rear page with respect to the orientation of the front page possible and necessary.

There are two different notions of indicating the binding edge.

- The notion of **Long/Short-edge binding** is independent of the orientation of the contents of the pages.
- The notion of **Side (Left-edge) / Top binding** is related to the above through the orientation of the printout, as follows:

	Portrait	Landscape
Long-edge	Side	Top
Short-edge	Top	Side

### Settings/Values:

^^^ [PJI.17a]	^^^ [PJI.17b]	^^^ [PCL.03]	Print control	Interpretation
OFF	--	0	SPMSI	Simplex
ON	LONGEDGE	1	SPMDU	Duplex, Long-edge binding
ON	SHORTEGE	2	SPMTU	Duplex, Short-edge binding (Tumble)

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- Duplex is not possible from the Bypass Tray.
- Duplex is not possible, if output bin "External tray" is selected.
- For Stapling, Punching, Duplexing, Orientation, and Paper feed direction, only certain combinations make sense and are permitted. See chapter "Limitations" below.
- Duplex is disabled for these paper types: "Transparency", "Thick", "Labels", "Thick (Duplex Backside)", "Plain (Duplex Backside)".
- No duplexing for A6, B6, A5(SEF), 12" x 18", Statement, Executive(LEF), envelopes and custom paper sizes.
- Switching between different duplex modes within a document is supported.
- Duplex is disabled when "Slip sheet printing" is active.

**Note:** (Using the HPL2 ABAP list driver)

When using the HPL2 ABAP list driver, the PCL command for this setting will not become effective. You need to use the SAP mechanism to specify the Duplex mode.

**Note:** (The SAP mechanism to specify the Duplex mode)

## • For ABAP &amp; SmartForms:

Under SAP this setting can also be specified in the definition of the Output device.

The "Output attributes for list drivers" tab has a setting named "Print mode".

The selectable values are: DEFAULT, SIMPLEX, DUPLEX, and TUMBLE DUPLEX.

This setting is only used by the HPL2 ABAP list driver.

If the standard ABAP list driver is used, the setting has to be specified in the command at [PCL.03] in the "Printer initialization" action in the Device type.

## • For SAPscript:

The Duplex mode to be used for a particular page can be specified in the definition of the Form used by the document, under "Page layout" -> <page> -> [Attributes] -> "Print attributes" -> "Print mode".

The selectable values are: <empty>, "S", "D", "T".

**Note:** (Forcing a particular Duplex mode for SAPscript)

As explained above, the desired duplex mode for SAPscript can be specified in the "Print mode" field of the definition of the SAPscript FORM. If it is not desired to assign a fixed duplex mode to a SAPscript FORM, then this field should be left empty, and the desired duplex mode should rather be specified in the "Printer initialization" action of the Device type, at tag [PCL.03]. This is, however, only possible if the SAPscript FORM does not specify a duplex mode yet. If the SAPscript FORM does already specify a duplex mode that is undesired, and if it cannot be changed, please contact Technical support for how to override it.

**3.3.1 Tag: # [PJL.17] DUPLEX MODE 1/2**

These commands are not necessary.

**Command syntax:**

- @PJL SET DUPLEX = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.17a]
- @PJL SET BINDING = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.17b]

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJL SET DUPLEX = ON \r\n
- #@PJL SET BINDING = LONGEDGE \r\n

**Note:** If both PJL command and PCL command are sent, the PCL setting takes precedence over the PJL setting.

**3.3.2 Tag: # [PCL.03] DUPLEX MODE 2/2****Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^^S

**Initial / Example:**

- #\e&l0S

**3.4 Output Bin****Description:**

The output receptacle (bin, tray) for the printed paper.

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [PJL.16]	^^^ [PCL.02]	Print control	Interpretation	Capacity (# sheets)
--	0	--	Default output tray (as specified from the device's front panel)	--
UPPER	1	TROST TRO01	Standard Tray	500
LOWER	3	TRO10	External Tray [face-up]	100
LOWER2	2	TRO04	Left Tray 1 [if "Left Tray 1 and 2" is attached]	100
LOWER3	101	TRO03	Left Tray 2 [if "Left Tray 1 and 2" is attached]	250

FINISHERPROOF	2	TRO04	Finisher Shift Tray 1	500
FINISHERSHIFT	101	TRO03	Finisher Shift Tray 2	2000
FINISHERSHIFT	101	TRO03	Booklet Finisher Shift Tray	1000

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- Finisher trays require a Finisher unit, a Duplex Unit and an optional Paper Bank ("Tray 3", "Tray 3 and 4" or "Tray 3 (LCT)"). If a Finisher is installed, "Left Tray 1 and 2" is NOT available.
- "Left Tray 1 and 2" requires a Duplex Unit. If "Left Tray 1 and 2" is installed, the Finisher Shift trays are NOT available.
- For the paper sizes supported by a particular bin, please see the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.
- Switching between different output bins within a document is not supported.

**Note:** (Using the HPL2 ABAP list driver)

When using the HPL2 ABAP list driver, you need to use the PJJ command for this setting.

**3.4.1 Tag: # [PJJ.16] OUTPUT BIN 1/2****Command syntax:**

- @PJJ SET OUTBIN = ^^^ \r\n

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJJ SET OUTBIN = xxx \r\n

**Note:** If both PJJ and PCL commands are sent, the PCL setting takes precedence over the PJJ setting.

**3.4.2 Tag: # [PCL.02] OUTPUT BIN 2/2****Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^^G

**Initial / Example:**

- #\e&l11G

## 3.5 Job Offset

**Description:**

There are several mechanisms conceivable to separate multiple copies of the same job. Job offset can be configured for each job individually through the PJJ JOBOFFSET command. In either case, two consecutive stacks of output can be separated through sheet **rotation** or **shifting**.

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [PJJ.13]	Interpretation
OFF	No offset.
ROTATE	Output is rotated versus the previous, by just switching between LEF and SEF paper.
SHIFT	Output is offset side-wise versus the previous.

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- ROTATE requires also to set "Input bin" = "Auto Tray Select", and that paper of the specified paper size is available in the input trays in both feed directions (LEF & SEF).
- SHIFT requires a Finisher Shift Tray.
- A Finisher Shift tray always applies shifting, unless "OFF" is specified.
- Stapled output is not shifted.

**3.5.1 Tag: # [PJJ.13] JOB OFFSET****Command syntax:**

- @PJJ SET JOBOFFSET = ^^^ \r\n

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJJ SET JOBOFFSET = OFF \r\n

## 3.6 Stapling

**Description:**

Set the Stapling mode. Paper output can be stapled automatically.

One can configure the **number** of staples (1/2), and their **position** (at which corner/edge) and **orientation** (vertical/horizontal/slanted).

The command to be used also depends on the orientation of the document.

The stapling unit is part of the Finisher unit.

Due to mechanical reasons of the stapling unit, only certain modes are possible. See also the device's corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

The **physical** position and orientation of the staple(s) is determined and possibly restricted by the mechanism of the Finisher.

However, the printer controller can implement multiple **logical** staple positions and orientations, by combining the physical possibilities, the choice of SEF/LEF paper, and the orientation of the page (e.g. by making a 180 degree rotation).

**Note:** The TITLE action should not specify any commands for Stapling, because the Cover page is only 1 page.

#### Settings/Values:

^^^ [PJL.02]	Interpretation	#	Position of staple(s)	Orientation of staple(s)	Document orientation	Paper feed direction required
OFF	off / no stapling	--	--	--		--
LEFTTOP	TLH/V	1	Top-Left	Horiz./Vert. (*)	(*)	(*)
LEFTTOPSLANTPORT	TLS	1	Top-Left	Slanted	(*) P/L	(*) LEF/SEF
LEFT2PORT	L2V	2	Left	Vertical	(*) P/L	(*) LEF/SEF
TOP2PORT	T2H	2	Top	Horizontal	(*) P/L	(*) SEF/LEF

#### Note: (\*)

The stapling orientation is determined by

- the PJL STAPLE command sent,
- the PJL PUNCH command sent,
- the required staple position,
- the required duplex mode,
- the orientation of the document,
- the available feed directions of the paper.

To determine the possible combinations and the commands to be sent, please refer to the table in the section "Combinations of Feed direction, Orientation, Duplex, Stapling, Punching" below.

#### Dependencies/Constraints:

- Bypass Tray => no Stapling
- For Stapling, Punching, Duplexing, Orientation, and Paper feed direction, only certain combinations make sense and are permitted. See the chapter "Limitations" below.
- Stapling is disabled for these paper types: "Transparency", "Thick", "Labels", "Thick (Duplex Backside)", "Plain (Duplex Backside)".
- Multiple copies should always be specified as Collated.
- The Input bin should be set to Auto Select, or it must be ensured that the paper in the tray is set in the correct paper feed direction.
- The paper supported and the maximum number of sheets that can be stapled are specified in the chapter "Device Hardware Accessories" above.
- The Booklet Finisher [SR950] supports only vertical and horizontal staple orientation. Please refer to the table in the section "Combinations of Feed direction, Orientation, Duplex, Stapling, Punching" below.
- The Multi-Tray Finisher [SR960] supports all modes.
- For the paper sizes that can be stapled please see the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.
- Stapling is disabled when "Slip sheet printing" is active.

#### Note:

It is recommended to always explicitly specify the Duplex mode, as indicated in the section "Duplex mode" above, in order to override any existing Duplex mode setting on the device, which could be in conflict to the desired Stapling mode.

### 3.6.1 Tag: # [PJL.02] STAPLING MODE

#### Command syntax:

- @PJL SET STAPLE = ^^^ \r\n

#### Initial / Example:

- #@PJL SET STAPLE = OFF \r\n

## 3.7 Punching

#### Description:

Set the Punching mode. Paper output can be 2/3/4((only if 4))-hole punched automatically.

One can configure the **number** of holes and their **position** (at which edge).

The command to be used depends on the orientation of the document output.

The Punching unit is part of the Finisher unit.

Due to mechanical reasons of the Punching unit, only certain modes are possible.

See also the device's corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

#### Settings/Values:

^^^ [PJL.03a]	Interpretation	Position of holes	Document orientation	Paper feed direction required
---------------	----------------	-------------------	----------------------	-------------------------------

OFF	off / no punching	--	--	--
LEFTPORT	LP	Left	(Portrait)	LEF
LEFTPORT	LL	Left	(Landscape)	SEF
RIGHTPORT	RP	Right	(Portrait)	LEF
RIGHTPORT	RL	Right	(Landscape)	SEF
TOPPORT	TP	Top	(Portrait)	SEF
TOPPORT	TL	Top	(Landscape)	LEF

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- Punching requires one of the Finisher Units with Punch Kit installed.
- Bypass Tray => no Punching
- For Stapling, Punching, Duplexing, Orientation, and Paper feed direction, only certain combinations make sense and are permitted. See chapter "Limitations" below.
- The Input bin should be set to Auto Select, or it must be ensured that the paper in the selected tray has the correct paper feed direction.
- Punching is disabled for these paper types: "Transparency", "Thick", "Labels", "Thick (Duplex Backside)", "Plain (Duplex Backside)".
- Some paper sizes cannot be punched at their short edge, if they are not wide enough to hold all punch holes. E.g. A4 & LTR cannot be 4/3-hole punched at their short edge.
- Some paper sizes cannot be punched at their long edge, because they cannot be fed in LEF direction. E.g. A3 & DLT.

**Note:**

It is recommended to always explicitly specify the Duplex mode, as indicated in the section "Duplex mode" above, in order to override any existing Duplex mode setting on the device, which could be in conflict to the desired Punching mode.

**Note:**

- The indicated orientation of the document should match the actual orientation of the printout. Otherwise, the result may not make much sense.
- The paper supported is specified in the chapter "Device Hardware Accessories" above.

**Note:**

Depending on the type of Finisher and Punching unit, the following numbers of holes can be punched:

- 2 holes = European (EU) style
- 3 holes = North American (US) style
- 4 holes =
  - European (EU) style
  - North European / Scandinavian / Swedish (SC) style

^^^ [PjL.03b]	Interpretation
US2	2 holes, North American (US) style
US3	3 holes, North American (US) style (default)
JP2	2 holes, European (EU) style
EU4	4 holes, European (EU) style (default)
NEU4	4 holes, North European / Scandinavian / Swedish (SC) style (default)

**Note: (Punch Kits)**

For all Finishers, three types of Punch Kits are available.

Depending on the type of Punch Kit, different numbers of holes can be punched:

For the European Punch Kit and the North American Punch Kit the number of the punched holes needs to be specified using the PjL PUNCHHOLE command [PjL.03b].

**Note: (The PjL PUNCHHOLE command [PjL.03b])**

- If an invalid value is specified, the output is not punched at all.
- If the PUNCHHOLE command is entirely omitted, the default number of holes will be punched.

**3.7.1 Tag: # [PjL.03] PUNCHING MODE****Command syntax:**

- @PjL SET PUNCH = ^^^ \r\n -- [PjL.03a]
- @PjL SET PUNCHHOLE = ^^^ \r\n -- [PjL.03b]

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PjL SET PUNCH = OFF \r\n
- #@PjL SET PUNCHHOLE = xxx \r\n

**3.8 Resolution****Description:**

By default, the horizontal and vertical printer resolution, in dots per inch (dpi), is 600 dpi.

In case of memory or speed problems, or for draft prints, you may wish to switch to 300 dpi.

If resolution is changed, the memory is reconfigured, and all downloaded fonts and PCL macros are lost.

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [(*)]	Interpretation
600	600 dpi
300	300 dpi

**Note:** (\*): The same value must be set at both places !

### 3.8.1 Tag: # [PJL.01] RESOLUTION 1/2

**Command syntax:**

- @PJL SET RESOLUTION = ^^^ \n

**Initial / Example:**

- @PJL SET RESOLUTION = 600 \n

### 3.8.2 Tag: # [PCL.14] RESOLUTION 2/2

**Command syntax:**

- \e&u^^^D

**Initial / Example:**

- \e&u600D

## 3.9 Copies

**Description:**

Number of copies to print of this job.

For example, for 4 copies of a 3-page document,

- **Uncollated** copies will appear as 1,1,1,1,2,2,2,3,3,3,3.
- **Collated** copies will appear as 1,2,3,1,2,3,1,2,3,1,2,3.

**Settings/Values:**

^^ = { 1, ..., 999 }

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- Please note that this may conflict with some SAP Output Management System software.

**Note: (PCL/PJL)**

There are two PJL commands and one PCL command related to specifying the number of copies and the collation mode.

Initially, both PJL commands are commented out, and the PCL command specifies 1 copy.

If either PJL command is used, the other one and the PCL command need to be commented out to avoid conflicts.

For Collated mode, the PJL QTY command is needed.

For Uncollated mode, either PJL COPIES or the PCL command can be used.

If both PJL and PCL commands are used, the PCL setting will override the PJL setting.

**Note: (Increasing the performance of network printers)**

It is possible to specify the desired number of copies directly in the print data stream, using one of the commands below. Since the spool system cannot know the contents of the data stream, it has to be told explicitly that N = 1, to avoid any conflict.

If a certain class of print jobs always requires the same fixed number of copies, the administrator may choose

1. to create a dedicated device type which sends the appropriate command, and
2. to tell his users to always keep N = 1 in the Print parameters dialog.

**Note:** The above does not work in conjunction with the HPL2 ABAP list driver, since it overrides this setting; it always forces only 1 copy.

### 3.9.1 Tag: # [PJL.15] COPIES 1/2

**Command syntax:**

- @PJL SET QTY = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.15a] (for Collated)
- @PJL SET COPIES = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.15b] (for Uncollated)

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJL SET QTY = 1 \r\n
- #@PJL SET COPIES = 1 \r\n

**3.9.2 Tag: # [PCL.13] COPIES 2/2****Command syntax:**

- \e&l<sup>^^^</sup>X

**Note:**

This PCL command will just print uncollated copies.  
It needs to be commented out if one of the above PCL commands is used.

**Initial / Example:**

- \e&l1X

**3.10 EconoMode (Toner Saver)**

This feature is NOT supported by this device.

**3.10.1 Tag: # [PJL.14] ECONOMODE (TONER SAVER)**

This command is NOT supported by this device.

**3.11 Auto Tray Change/Switching****Description:**

If enabled, and the current tray runs out of paper, the job will be continued from a tray containing the same paper size.  
If disabled, the front panel LCD will prompt the user to refill paper and wait.  
This should be disabled in case there are e.g. 2 different types of A4 paper (e.g. normal, colored) which should not be mixed.

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [PJL.12]	Interpretation
OFF	disabled
ON	enabled

**3.11.1 Tag: # [PJL.12] AUTOTRAYCHANGE****Command syntax:**

- @PJL SET AUTOTRAYCHANGE = ^^^ \r\n

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJL SET AUTOTRAYCHANGE = ON \r\n

**3.12 Edge Smoothing/Enhancement**

This feature is NOT supported by this device.

**3.12.1 Tag: # [PJL.11] SMOOTHING**

This command is NOT supported by this device.

**3.13 Page Protection**

This feature is NOT supported by this device.

**3.13.1 Tag: # [PJL.06] PAGE PROTECTION**

This command is NOT supported by this device.

### 3.14 Paper Size

#### Description:

Determines the paper size to be used for the current page.

The **physical height** and **width** of the sheet or envelope are specified below.

The engine's mechanics implies an unprintable area near the edges, so that the **imageable area** is usually smaller. This is device-dependent.

Paper may be treated differently, depending on with which edge the sheets are fed into the paper path (**feed direction**).

- **LEF** = Long-edge-feed
- **SEF** = Short-edge-feed

(This notion of feed direction is independent of the notion of orientation.)

In the paper sizes below the first value specified is the feed edge.

#### Note: (Configuring the Paper size)

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it.

For a SAPscript document, its paper size is configured in the "Page format" setting in the SAPscript Form used by the document, which in turn determines the Device format to be used. For the SAP standard paper sizes (A3, A4, A5, Letter, Legal, Executive), the command sent is built in the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver, otherwise (for non-standard paper sizes) it has to be specified at the end of the Printer initialization action of the corresponding Device format.

For an ABAP report, the paper size to be used is always assumed to be A4 or Letter; however, the "Printer initialization" action does not send any paper size command.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

#### Note: ("Sub paper size")

Normally, a print job specifying a certain paper size would require that paper of this size be loaded in a tray.

If paper of this size is not available in any tray, the user will be requested via the device's front panel to load it.

Since A4 and Letter have similar formats, it may be desirable to be able to print a job specifying Letter format on A4 paper, or vice versa. This feature is called "Sub(stitute) paper size". There is no scaling applied; so if the image is too large, it will be cropped at the margins.

This feature can only be set via the device's front panel (Sub Paper Size = Auto); there is no PDL command to achieve this.

#### Settings/Values:

AAA	Name (short)	Full / Alternative names	EU/US	Size
27	<b>A3</b>	DIN A3 ((SEF))	EU	297 x 420 mm
26	<b>A4</b>	DIN A4 (LEF) DIN A4 (SEF), A4R	EU	297 x 210 mm 210 x 297 mm
2000 25	<b>A5</b>	DIN A5 (SEF) DIN A5 (LEF)	EU	148 x 210 mm
2001 24	<b>A6</b>	DIN A6	EU	105 x 148 mm
46	<b>B4</b>	B4(JIS)	EU	257 x 364 mm
45	<b>B5</b>	B5(JIS)	EU	182 x 257 mm
2020	<b>B6</b>	B6(JIS)	EU	128 x 182 mm
2043	<b>12" x 18"</b>	12" x 18"	US	12" x 18"
6	<b>Ledger</b>	DLT, Double Letter, Tabloid ((SEF))	US	11" x 17"
3	<b>Legal</b>	LGL, Legal ((SEF))	US	8.5" x 14"
2	<b>Letter</b>	LTR, Letter ((LEF,SEF(*)))	US	8.5" x 11"
1	<b>Executive</b>	Executive	US	7.25" x 10.5"
2008	<b>Statement</b>	HLT, Half Letter	US	5.5" x 8.5"
2012	<b>Folio</b>	F4	US	8.25" x 13"
2011	<b>F/GL</b>	F, Folio GL	US	8" x 13"
2007	<b>Foolscap</b>	Foolscap, Folio, F4, Government Legal	US	8.5" x 13"
81	<b>Com-10</b>	Envelope Commercial #10	US	4.125" x 9.5"
80	<b>Monarch</b>	Envelope Monarch, Commercial #7 3/4	US	3.875" x 7.5"
90	<b>DL</b>	Envelope International DL (Designated Long)	EU	110 x 220 mm
91	<b>C5</b>	Envelope C5	EU	162 x 229 mm
2022	<b>C6</b>	Envelope C6	EU	114 x 162 mm
2030	<b>8K</b>	8Kai	EU/US	267 x 390 mm
2031	<b>16K</b>	16Kai	EU/US	195 x 267 mm
101	<b>Custom</b>	Custom / User-defined	--	--

#### Dependencies / Constraints:

- Some input bins and output bins support only certain paper sizes, and some only in a certain feed direction. See the sections about Input bins and Output bins and the chapter "Device Hardware Accessories" above.
- If no paper select command is sent, the controller will use the paper in the addressed tray, or it may ask to load the paper which is currently specified as default.

#### Note:

Paper in the Bypass tray cannot be selected by only sending the "Paper size" command (<esc>&l<#>A).



In addition, also the "Input bin" select command [PCL.01] for the Bypass tray (<esc>&l2H) has to be sent. Under SAP, this means that the "Bypass tray" has to be explicitly specified as input bin (TRYMN).

**Note:** ([Support of paper sizes by SAP](#))

Only the entries marked bold are currently fully supported as standard under SAP.

For the procedure on how to support a non-standard paper size, see the corresponding section in Volume 2, Appendix 1.

**Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^^A

**Example:**

- \e&l26A

## 3.15 Orientation

**Description:**

The orientation defines how the printed output appears on the physical paper. By definition, "Portrait" means that, in order to read the text, the sheet must be held upright, i.e. with the short edge at the top. (This notion is independent of the notion of paper feed direction.)

**Note:** ([Configuring the Orientation](#))

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it.

For a SAPscript document, its orientation is configured in the "Orientation" setting in the SAPscript Form used by the document. The command is automatically sent by the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver, using the Print controls SPORT and SLAND, after the command sequence of the "Printer initialization" action. Therefore, the "Printer initialization" action should not send any commands to specify orientation.

For an ABAP report, the orientation is a property of the Device format (X\_II\_cc), which in turn is determined by the number of lines per page and the number of columns. The necessary PCL command is contained at the end of the "Printer initialization" action.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
0	Portrait (P)
1	Landscape (L)

**Note:** The values are the digits 0,1, NOT the letters O,I.

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- For Stapling, Punching, Duplexing, Orientation, and Paper feed direction, only certain combinations make sense and are permitted. See the chapter "Limitations" below.

**Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^^O

**Note:** The last character is the uppercase letter "O".

**Example:**

- \e&l00

## 3.16 Left margin

**Description:**

The left margin of the page.

**Note:** ([Configuring the Left margin](#))

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it.

For a SAPscript document, the horizontal margins are automatically cleared (set to 0) by the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver, sending the command "<ESC>9" after the command sequence of the "Printer initialization" action.

For an ABAP report, the horizontal margins are automatically cleared (set to 0) when using the HPL2 ABAP list driver. Otherwise no command is sent.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
{ 0,1,... }	Number of columns (as defined by the current HMI)

**Command syntax:**

- \e&a^^^L

**Example:**

- \e&a5L

### 3.17 Top margin

**Description:**

The top margin of the page.

**Note:** (Configuring the Top margin)

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it.

For a SAPscript document, the top margin is automatically cleared (set to 0) by the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver, sending the command "<ESC>&10E" after the command sequence of the "Printer initialization" action.

For an ABAP report, the top margin is automatically cleared (set to 0) when using the HPL2 ABAP list driver. Otherwise no command is sent. In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
{ 0,1,... }	Number of lines (as defined by the current VMI)

**Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^E

**Example:**

- \e&l1E

### 3.18 Horizontal spacing

**Description:** (PCL)

The horizontal spacing defines the distance between two adjacent characters.

In a proportional font, it affects only the width of the space character.

The current horizontal spacing is kept in a variable called **HMI** (Horizontal Motion Index).

It has to be specified as an absolute measure in 1/120 inch.

This determines the number of characters per inch (**cpi**).

The default HMI is = 12/120" = 10 cpi.

**Note:** (Configuring the Horizontal spacing)

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it. Moreover, after any font select command the HMI is automatically set to a (font-specific) default, and therefore it needs to be specified again.

For a SAPscript document, the horizontal spacing is specified by the HPL2 OTF driver automatically after each font select command of a proportional font (thus only affecting the width of the space character). For fixed-spaced fonts, no command is sent; thus the default pitch of the selected font will be used.

For an ABAP report, the "Printer initialization" action of an X\_II\_cc Format contains a command to override the default pitch of the font used (Courier), thus condensing or expanding it to just the right size so that cc columns will fit properly on the page. The HPL2 ABAP list driver sends the command automatically.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
{ <any rational number> }	absolute measure in 1/120 inch

**Command syntax:**

- \e&k^^H

**Example:**

- \e&k12H

### 3.19 Vertical spacing

**Description:** (PCL)

The vertical spacing defines the distance between two adjacent lines.

The current vertical spacing is kept in a variable called **VMI** (Vertical Motion Index).

It can be specified as number of lines per inch (**lpi**).

The default VMI is = 8/48" == 6 lpi.

**Note:** (Configuring the Vertical spacing)

This setting cannot be configured effectively in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, because there are other mechanisms which would override it.

For a SAPscript document, the vertical spacing is initially set to 0 by the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver, using the command "<ESC>&10C".

For an ABAP report, the necessary command is contained at the end of the "Printer initialization" action of the format. The HPL2 ABAP list driver overrides this, setting it to 0.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 48 }	number of lines per inch (lpi)

**Command syntax:**

- \e&l^^^D

**Example:**

- \e&l6D

## 3.20 Character set

**Description:**

Select/change the active printer character set.

This term is also known as "symbol set" (HP) or "code page" (Microsoft).

It is a table that interprets ASCII codes as characters.

**Note:** ([Configuring the Character set](#))

This setting is not a property of the job or a page but of individual characters. Nor is it an attribute of the font, it is maintained independently. It would make sense to specify an initial value in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, but it could be overridden at any time.

In a [SAPscript](#) document, the character set can be switched by sending an appropriate Print control. (This is currently not implemented.)

This setting is also overridden by the SFxxx font select Print controls issued by the HPL2 SAPscript OTF driver.

For an [ABAP](#) report, the initial character set to be used is specified at the end of the "Printer initialization" action.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

**Settings/Values:**

AAA	Interpretation
0N	Latin-1 (ISO 8859-1)
2N	Latin-2 (ISO 8859-2)

For the initial setting, see the Example below.

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- none

**Note:** ([Switching the Character set](#))

At the moment it is not possible to switch between character sets, e.g. to mix both Latin-1 and Latin-2 in the same document.

**Note:** ([Support of the EURO character](#))

The EURO character (€) has been implemented in the symbol sets 19U (Latin-1), 9E (Latin-2), for most typefaces, except LinePrinter, at position 80 (hex).

For this device the resident fonts support the EURO character.

To find out if the device type supports the EURO character, please see Volume 2.

**Command syntax:**

- \e( ^^^

**Example:**

- \e( 0N            -- for ZA0x1vvv
- \e( 2N            -- for ZA0x2vvv

## 3.21 Font

**Description:**

Selects the font to be used, by specifying the following parameters:

- ^^^p = proportional
- ^^^h = pitch (cpi)
- ^^^v = font height (point size)
- ^^^s = style (italic)
- ^^^b = weight (bold)
- ^^^T = typeface

**Note:** ([Selecting a font & Configuring font attributes](#))

This setting is not a property of the job or a page but of individual characters.

It doesn't make sense to specify an initial value in the "Printer initialization" action of the device type, since it will be overridden.

In a [SAPscript](#) document, the font to be used for a portion of text is specified by preceding the text with a 2-character tag which is defined as a Character format or Paragraph format in the Form or Style used by the document. The tag maps to a system font and thus to a SFxxx Print control and thus eventually to a font select PDL command sequence.

For an [ABAP](#) report, only a fixed-spaced font can be used, in this case COURIER. The font size depends on the format chosen, and it is specified in the "Printer initialization" action of the Device format. The HPL2 ABAP list driver has its own mechanism.

In any case, the command syntax is explained below.

There are no Print controls for changing/specifying a font attribute, because using them would conflict with the existing mechanisms.

**Note:** (OCR text printing)

Printing OCR text requires a separate solution. Please refer to the chapter "Barcodes & OCR Text" in Volume 2 for more information.

**Note:** (Barcode printing)

Printing barcodes requires a separate solution. Please refer to the chapter "Barcodes & OCR Text" in Volume 2 for more information.

**Note:** (Arbitrary size fonts)

For printing fonts in arbitrary sizes, please refer to the chapter "The Fonts" in Volume 2 [ZA0x].

**Settings/Values:**

Please refer to proper PCL documentation.

**Note:** The pitch command (<ESC>&k#H) must be respecified after any font select command. Otherwise a (font-specific) default is used.

**Note:** LinePrinter supports only symbol sets 0N, 2N.

**Command syntax:**

- \e(s^^p^^h^^v^^s^^b^^T

**Example:**

- \e(s0p10h12v0s0b4099T -- This would select normal Courier 10 cpi 12 pt.

## 3.22 Color printing

**Description:**

There are several parameters which can influence the appearance of color images and text.

- Color/Monochrome mode

**Settings/Values:**

-- see below

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- Color mode is not supported with resolution 300 dpi.

-- see below

**Note:** (How to specify Text color)

In ABAP, the colors are predefined. In SAPscript, the color of text can be specified as follows:

- For R/3 release 4.6C+, the SmartForms component allows to specify color as an attribute of characters.
- Otherwise, the proprietary Print controls below can be used with this syntax:  
/:PRINT-CONTROL 'ZCxxx'

Print control -- direct (*)	-- indexed (*)	Color
ZCBLU	ZCXX4	Blue
ZCRED	ZCXX1	Red
ZCCYA	ZCXX6	Cyan
ZCYLW	ZCXX3	Yellow
ZCGRN	ZCXX2	Green
ZCBLK	ZCXX0	Black
ZCMGT	ZCXX5	Magenta
ZCWHT	ZCXX7	White

**Note:** (\*)

The direct method specifies RGB values.

The indexed method uses a standard 8-color palette. This method may fail, because the SAPscript OTF driver may change the palette, mapping some colors to Black.

### 3.22.1 Tag: # [PCL.30] COLOR : COLOR MODE

**Description:**

This setting determines whether the subsequent output should be monochrome (black-and-white) or color.

**Note:** (Switching the color mode within a document)

It is possible to switch between the two modes within a SAPscript document.

However, this command always requires a page break, because it affects not only the toner to be used but also the format of the rasterized page bitmap. Therefore, it needs to be immediately preceded by a form feed, as follows:

```
/:NEW-PAGE
(
```

```
/ :PRINT-CONTROL 'SESCP'
&b0M
```

**Command syntax:**

- \e&b^^^M

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [PCL.30]	Print control	Interpretation
0	ZCLR1	Color
1	ZCLR0	Monochrome (Black-and-white)

**Initial / Example:**

- #\e&b0M

## 3.23 Slip sheet

**Description:**

This feature allows you to insert a sheet of paper between two consecutive sheets of transparency, thus preventing them from sticking together. The contents and the input bin of the slip sheets can be specified.

**Note:**

Normally transparencies are only A4 or LTR size.

The slip sheets should have the same paper size and feed direction as the transparencies, but come from a different tray.

**Settings/Values:**

^^^ [PJL.20a]	Interpretation
OFF	no slip sheet
BLANK	inserts a blank page

^^^ [PJL.20b,c,d]	Interpretation
TRAY1	get the sheet from Tray 1
TRAY2	get the sheet from Tray 2
TRAY3	get the sheet from Tray 3
TRAY4	get the sheet from Tray 4
LCT	get the sheet from the LCT
BYPASS	get the sheet from the Bypass

**Dependencies/Constraints:**

- [PJL.20b,c,d] are only interpreted if [PJL.20a] is not "OFF".
- In that case, a document in Duplex mode will automatically be printed in Simplex mode.

**Note:**

It is highly recommended to set the Paper Type to "Transparency" with the command [PCL.12], in order to prevent the device from damage. (The fuser temperature must be lowered for printing transparencies.)

**Note:**

The PJL SLIPSHEETPRINTTRAY command [PJL.20b] specifies the source tray for the slip sheets.

To specify the input tray for the transparencies, the PJL DOCBODYTRAY command [PJL.20c] and the PJL TRAY command [PJL.20d] must be used, both with the same value. Moreover, the [PCL.01] INPUT BIN command must be commented out.

**Note:**

The trays indicated in SLIPSHEETPRINTTRAY, DOCBODYTRAY and TRAY should contain the same paper format in the same feed direction.

**Note:**

For slip sheet printing it is recommended to specify paper type "Transparency" by adding the corresponding PCL command [PCL.12] (see section 3.2). Together with the settings "DOCBODYTRAY=BYPASS" and "TRAY=BYPASS" the output will always be ejected to the "External Tray" and, therefore, face-up. (Please refer to section 3.4).

### 3.23.1 Tag: # [PJL.20] SLIPSHEET

**Command syntax:**

- @PJL SET SLIPSHEETPRINT = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.20a]
- @PJL SET SLIPSHEETPRINTTRAY = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.20b]
- @PJL SET DOCBODYTRAY = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.20c]
- @PJL SET TRAY = ^^^ \r\n -- [PJL.20d]

**Initial / Example:**

- #@PJL SET SLIPSHEETPRINT = OFF \r\n

- `#@PJL SET SLIPSHEETPRINTTRAY = TRAY1 \r\n`
- `#@PJL SET DOCBODYTRAY = BYPASS \r\n`
- `#@PJL SET TRAY = BYPASS \r\n`

### 3.25 Edge-to-Edge Mode

This feature is NOT supported by this device.

#### 3.25.1 Tag: # [PJL.07] EDGE-TO-EDGE MODE

This command is NOT supported by this device.

### 3.26 USERCODE

#### Description:

The USERCODE feature allows to tag a print job with a numeric code which identifies the job as having been issued by a certain individual (user) or organizational unit (department, etc.).

This can be used for accounting or billing purposes, for usage statistics, or for user authentication.

For how to register the codes on the devices and how to evaluate the statistics, refer to the corresponding Operating Instructions manual.

#### Settings/Values:

The length of the code is max. 8 digits.

The surrounding double-quotes (") are mandatory.

The value of the code can be specified as static/fixed or as dynamic/variable.

In our ZAxX Device type, initially a fixed value is specified as an example.

For how to assign variable codes dynamically at print time, please contact technical support.

#### Dependencies/Constraints:

- If the value is too long (> 8 digits), it will not be truncated, but the parameter will be empty !
- If the value contains an invalid character, i.e. a non-digit, the parameter will be empty !

#### 3.26.1 Tag: # [PJL.24] USERCODE

#### Command syntax:

- `@PJL SET USERCODE = "<usercode>" \r\n`

#### Initial / Example:

- `#@PJL SET USERCODE = "01234567" \r\n`

## 4. Limitations

This chapter contains device-specific or controller-specific limitations related to combinations of several features.

For **device-specific limitations of a single feature**, see under "Dependencies/Constraints" of the corresponding section above.

For **device-independent limitations** related only to the SAP device type used, please refer to the "Limitations" chapter of the corresponding Volume 2.

### 4.1 Combinations of Feed direction, Orientation, Duplex, Stapling, Punching

For Stapling, Punching, Duplexing, Orientation, and Paper feed direction, only certain combinations make sense and are permitted.

The mechanics of the stapling and punching units are such that they can only operate on the far edge in the paper path (the one that leaves the path last). This results in the restrictions on paper feed direction as indicated in the above sections for stapling and punching.

The 10 most common and reasonable combinations are summarized in the table below:

(All images are in readable orientation. The arrow indicates the edge that leaves the printer first.)

#### Note: (Feed direction required for desired Stapling mode)











If the paper is not available in the feed direction required for stapling in the desired mode (combination of position and orientation of staple(s)), the controller reacts as follows:

If the Input tray is explicitly specified as a particular tray, it will print anyway, but unstapled.

If Auto tray select or no input tray is specified, it will ask to load paper in the required feed direction, and wait (user intervention).

All reasonable combinations are summarized in the table below:

Other combinations are not reasonable (for turning pages), or not possible (due to physical restrictions of the stapling & punching hardware). (All images are in readable orientation. The arrow indicates the edge that leaves the printer first.)

Image	Document orientation	Duplex mode / Binding edge	Punching mode	Stapling mode	Staple position	Staple orientation	Paper Feed direction	=> PJL STAPLE Command
	Portrait	- Off - Side / Long - Top / Short	- Off - LP	LSP	Top-Left	Slanted (*)	LEF	LEFTTOPSLANTPORT
	Landscape	- Off - Top / Long - Side / Short	- Off - LL	LSL	Top-Left	Slanted (*)	SEF	LEFTTOPSLANTPORT
	Portrait	- Off - (Side / Long) - Top / Short	- Off - TP	LHP	Top-Left	Horizontal	SEF	LEFTTOP
	Landscape	- Off - Top / Long - (Side / Short)	- Off - TL	LHL	Top-Left	Horizontal	LEF	LEFTTOP
	Portrait	- Off - (Side / Long) - Top / Short	- Off - LP	LVP	Top-Left	Vertical	LEF	LEFTTOP
	Landscape	- Off - (Side / Long) - Top / Short	- Off - LL	LVL	Top-Left	Vertical	SEF	LEFTTOP
	Portrait	- Off - Side / Long -	- Off - LP	L2P	Left	(Vertical)	LEF	LEFT2PORT
	Landscape	- Off - Side / Short	- Off - LL	L2L	Left	(Vertical)	SEF	LEFT2PORT
	Portrait	- Off - Top / Short	- Off - TP	T2P	Top	(Horizontal)	SEF	TOP2PORT
	Landscape	- Off - Top / Long -	- Off - TL	T2L	Top	(Horizontal)	LEF	TOP2PORT

**Note:**

- The Booklet Finisher [SR950] supports only vertical and horizontal staple orientation and does not support those marked (\*) (slanted stapling).
- The Multi-Tray Finisher [SR960] supports all modes.
- The following paper sizes cannot be stapled/punched at the Top edge (Landscape) or the Left edge (Portrait), because they cannot be fed in LEF direction: A3, Double Letter, Legal.

## 4.2 Other

The **Booklet Finishing** feature cannot be supported under SAP, since the required page re-ordering is done by the Windows printer driver, not by the device's printer controller.

For possible limitations when printing from SAP with the device's **Enhanced Security** feature enabled, please contact Technical support.

## 5. (Appendix 1): Printer Languages

This chapter gives a brief introduction of each printer language used by the printer controllers of our devices.

### 5.1 PCL

The HP **PCL Printer Language** (PCL) is a **page description language** (PDL). That means it is used to specify the contents and format of a page.

The general syntax of a PCL command is:

- `<ESC> <character> <letter> <value> <letter>`

**Note:**

- Please be aware that the syntax is case-sensitive.
- In `"\e&l^^^H"` etc., "l" is the lowercase letter "L" not the digit "1" !
- In `"\e&l^^^O"` etc., "O" is the uppercase letter "O" not the digit "0" !
- Do NOT introduce any extra blanks.

**PCL5e** is the version that most of our black-and-white devices use.

**PCL5c** is the version that our color devices use.

For detailed information, please refer to the "PCL5 Printer Language Technical Reference Manual" from HP.

#### 5.1.1 PCL macros

PCL allows to define and execute **macros**. A macro is identified by a number (`<#>`).

- `<ESC>&f<#>y0X` start define macro #
- `<ESC>&f<#>y1X` stop define macro #
- `<ESC>&f<#>y2X` execute macro #
- `<ESC>&f<#>y3X` call macro #

### 5.2 PJL

The HP **Printer Job Language** (PJP) is a **job control language**.

That means it controls parameters of a whole job, not of individual pages.

Normally all PJL commands are sent at the beginning of a job, and then it switches to some page description language.

The general syntax of a PJL command is:

- `@PJL SET <keyword> = <value> [<CR>]<LF>`

**Note:**

- Please be aware that the syntax is case-sensitive.
- The white spaces in front of and behind the "=" sign are optional.
- Do NOT introduce any blanks behind the `<CR><LF>`.

For detailed information, please refer to the "PJL Technical Reference Manual" from HP.